

Korean VLBI Network

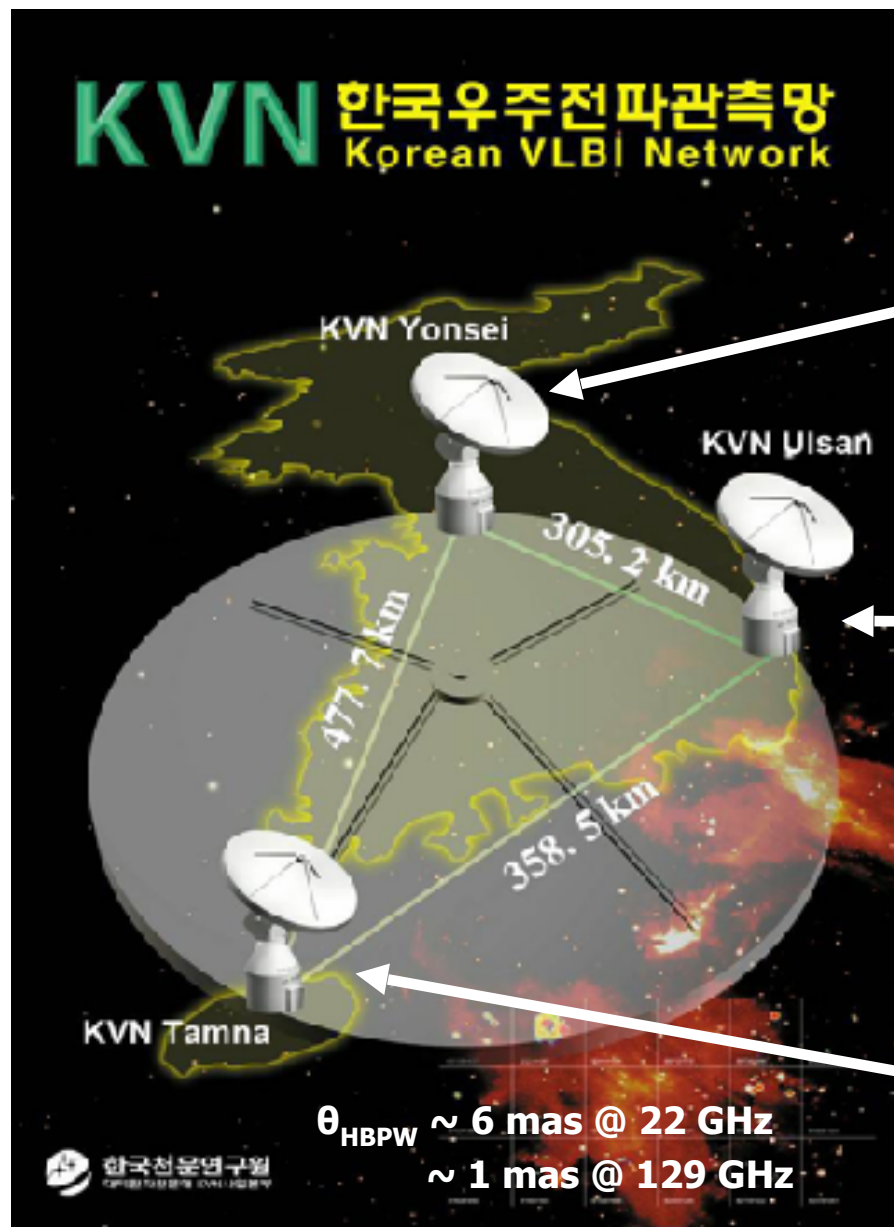
Current Status and Plan

Taehyun Jung (KASI)

On behalf of KVN TEAM

2019 전파망원경 사용자 회의 @ 서울대 평창캠퍼스 (August 29)

Korean VLBI Network (KVN)



Yonsei



Ulsan

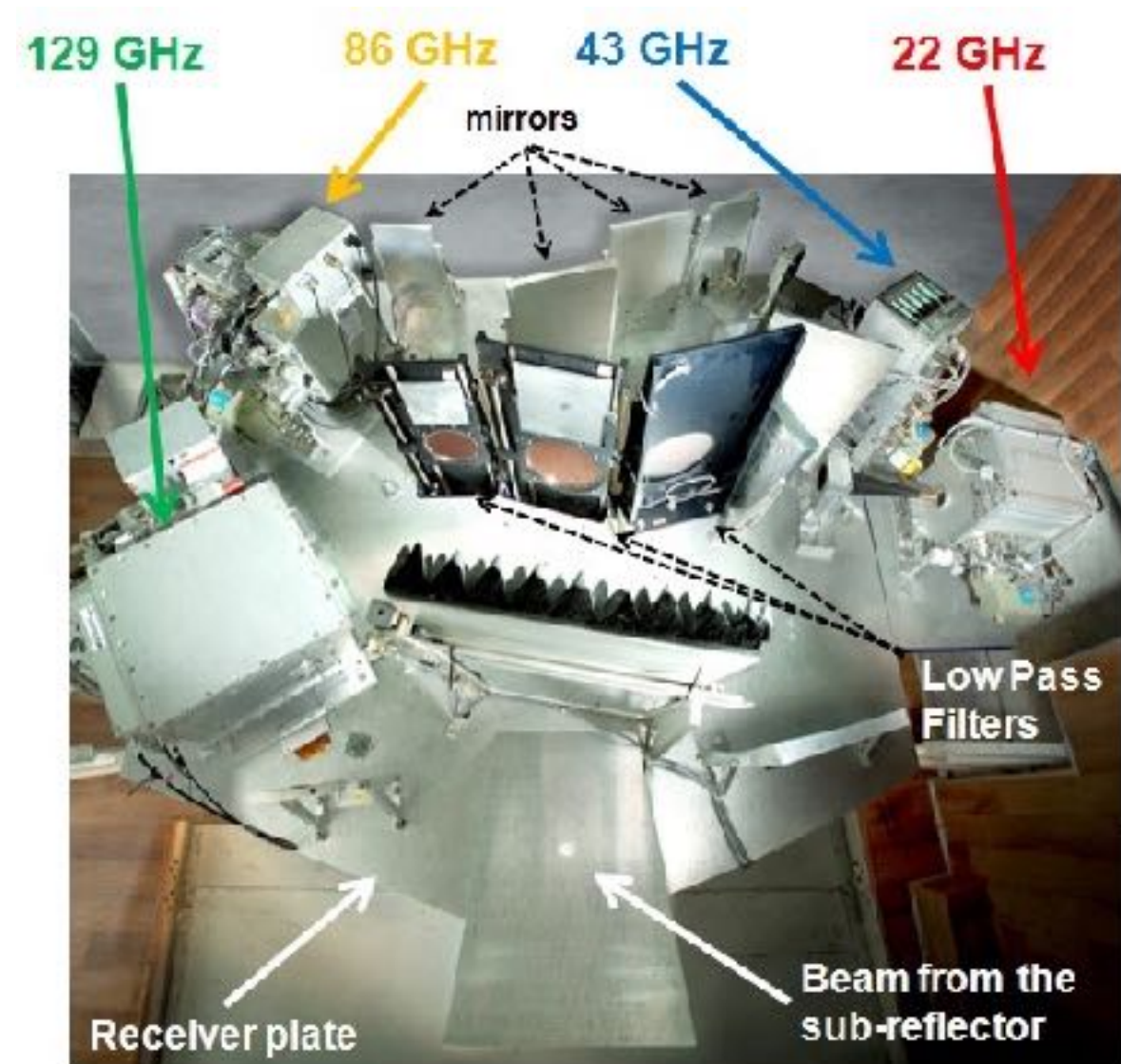


Tamna

- 3 Telescopes ($D = 21\text{m}$)
- 22/43/86/129GHz
- 300 - 500 km
- $\theta = 1 - 6 \text{ mas}$
- Science Targets
AGN/SF/Evolved Star
+ microquasar

Multi-Frequency Receiving System

- Simultaneous Multi-frequency Observation
 - @ 22/43/86/129GHz
 - Dual Pol : LCP & RCP
- (Source) Frequency Phase Transfer
 - Weak Source Detection
 - Chromatic Astrometry
- Multi-Frequency Observation
 - SED
 - Rotation Measure



KVN Multi-Frequency Observations

- Largest number of New detections Ever! (on-going)

- ~574 AGNs(>80%) @ 43GHz
- ~428 AGNs(>60%) @ 86GHz
- ~281 AGNs(>50%) @ 130GHz
- ~80 high-z AGNs ($z = 2.5-6.5$)

- M/F Images/Astrometry

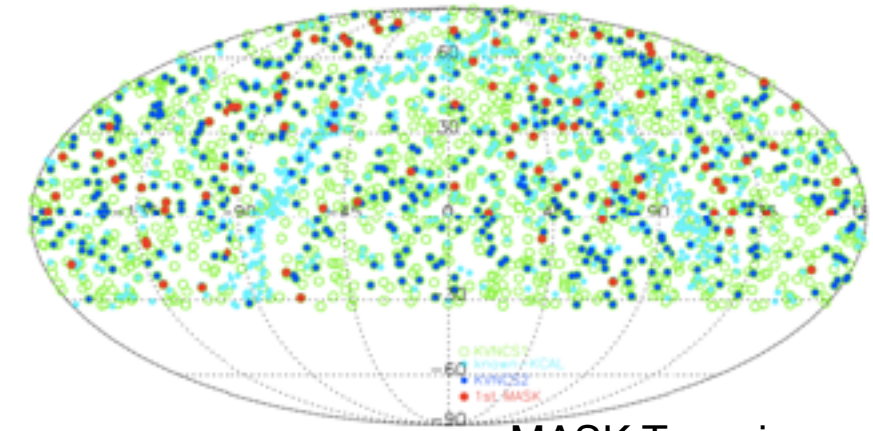
- Evolved Stars & AGNs

- Multi-Frequency Polarimetry

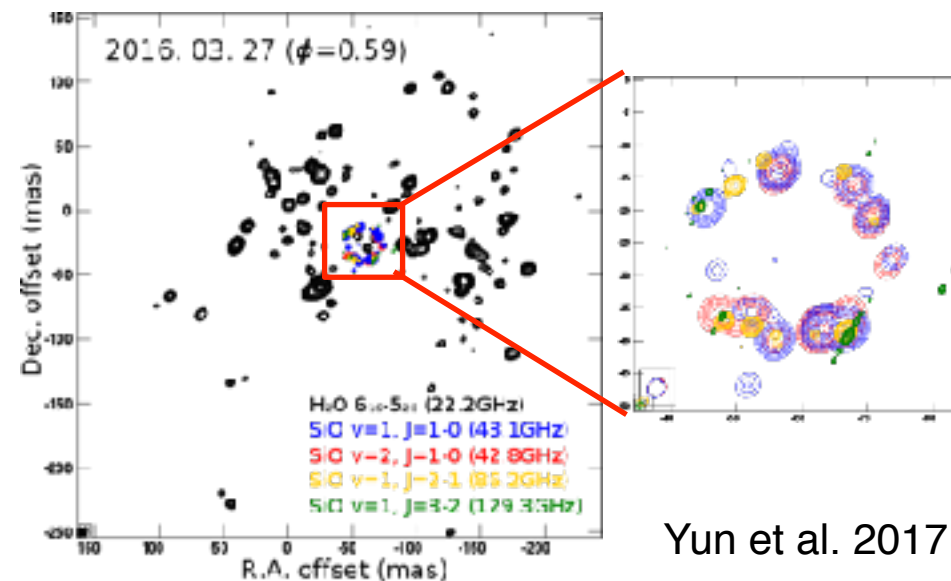
- AGN jet structure and magnetic fields from M/F Rotation Measure

- Demonstration on the performance of simultaneous M/F

- Tropospheric / Ionospheric phase calibration
- Ideal system for mm-VLBI observation



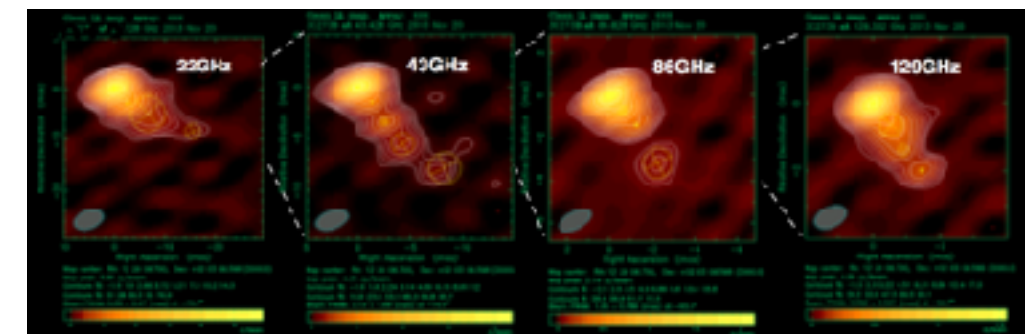
MASK Team in prep



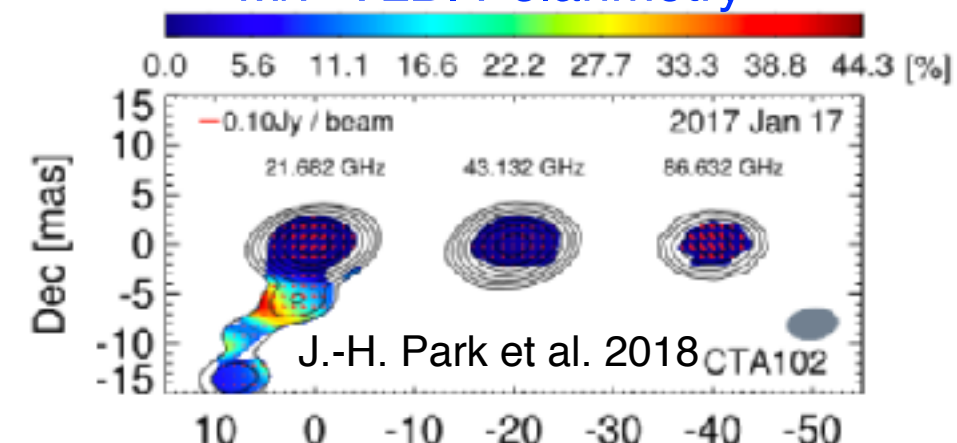
M/F maser maps of Vx Sgr

Yun et al. 2017

iMOGABA

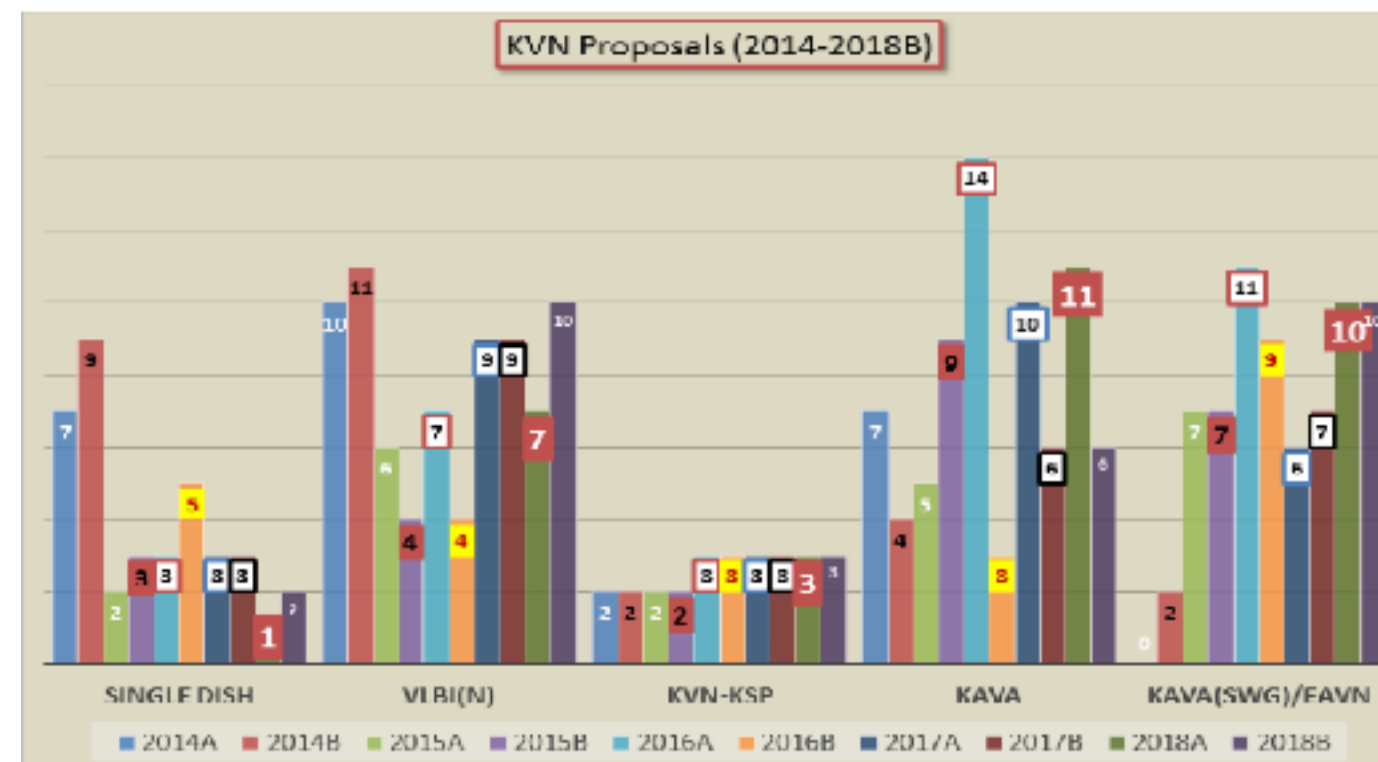
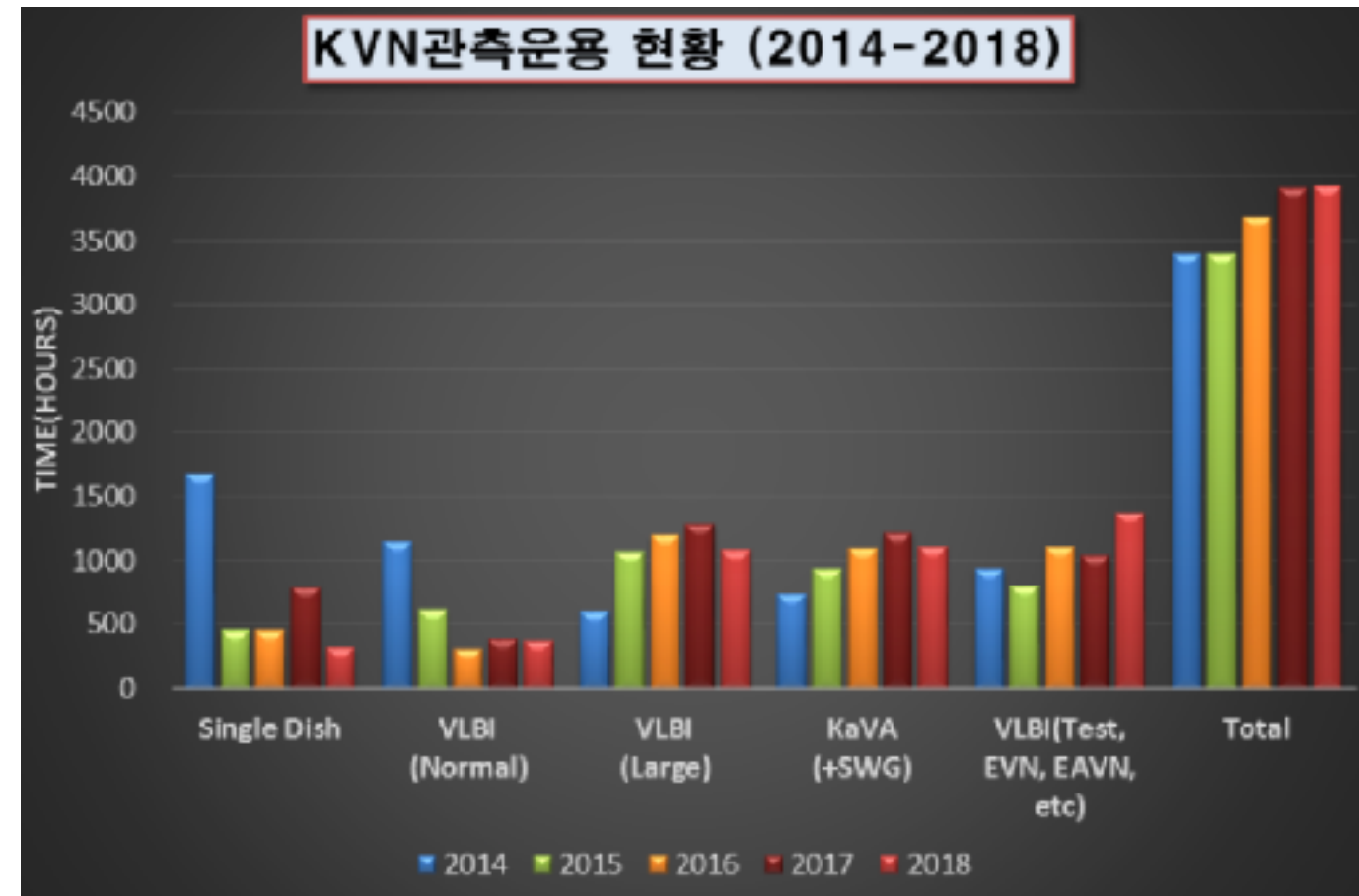


M/F VLBI Polarimetry



KVN Operation Status

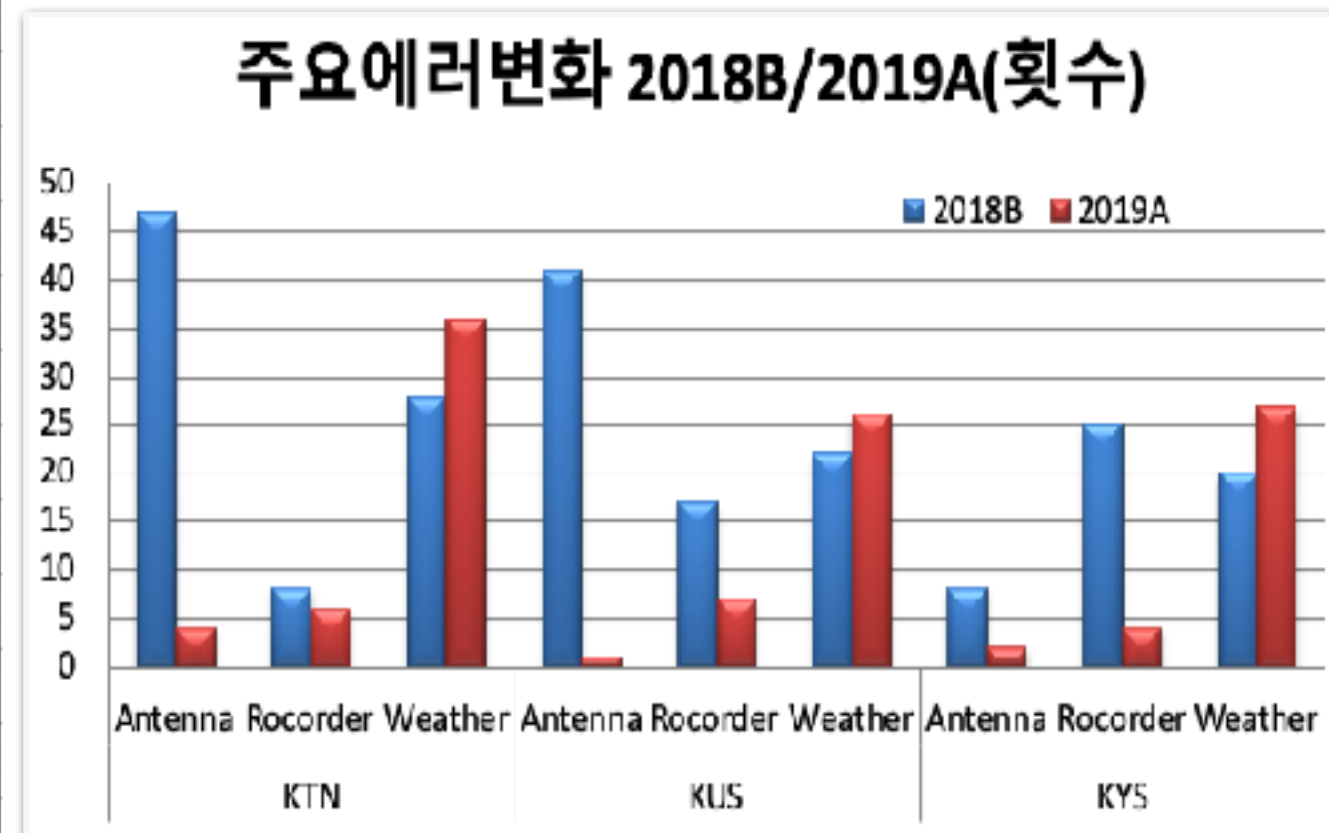
- VLBI > 3500h/yr (+ SD 500-1000 h/yr/site)
 - KVN Only : 2500h
 - KaVA (KVN and VERA Array) : 1000h
 - EAVN/EVN/GMVA/Sejong > 300h
- KVN Key Science Projects : 1000h/yr
 - Evolved Star(1) & AGN (2)
- KaVA Large Programs : 500h/yr
 - AGN, Star formation, Evolved stars, Galactic astrometry
- Global Common Use : 1000h/yr
 - KVN(500h/yr) + KaVA/EAVN (500h/yr)
- Proposals status
 - 2018B: KVN(16), EAVN (14)
 - 2019A: KVN (12), EAVN (19)
 - 2019B: KVN (8), EAVN (24)
- Total 122 refereed papers using KVN (from 2013)
 - Toal 95 SCI papers (14 SCI papers/yr)



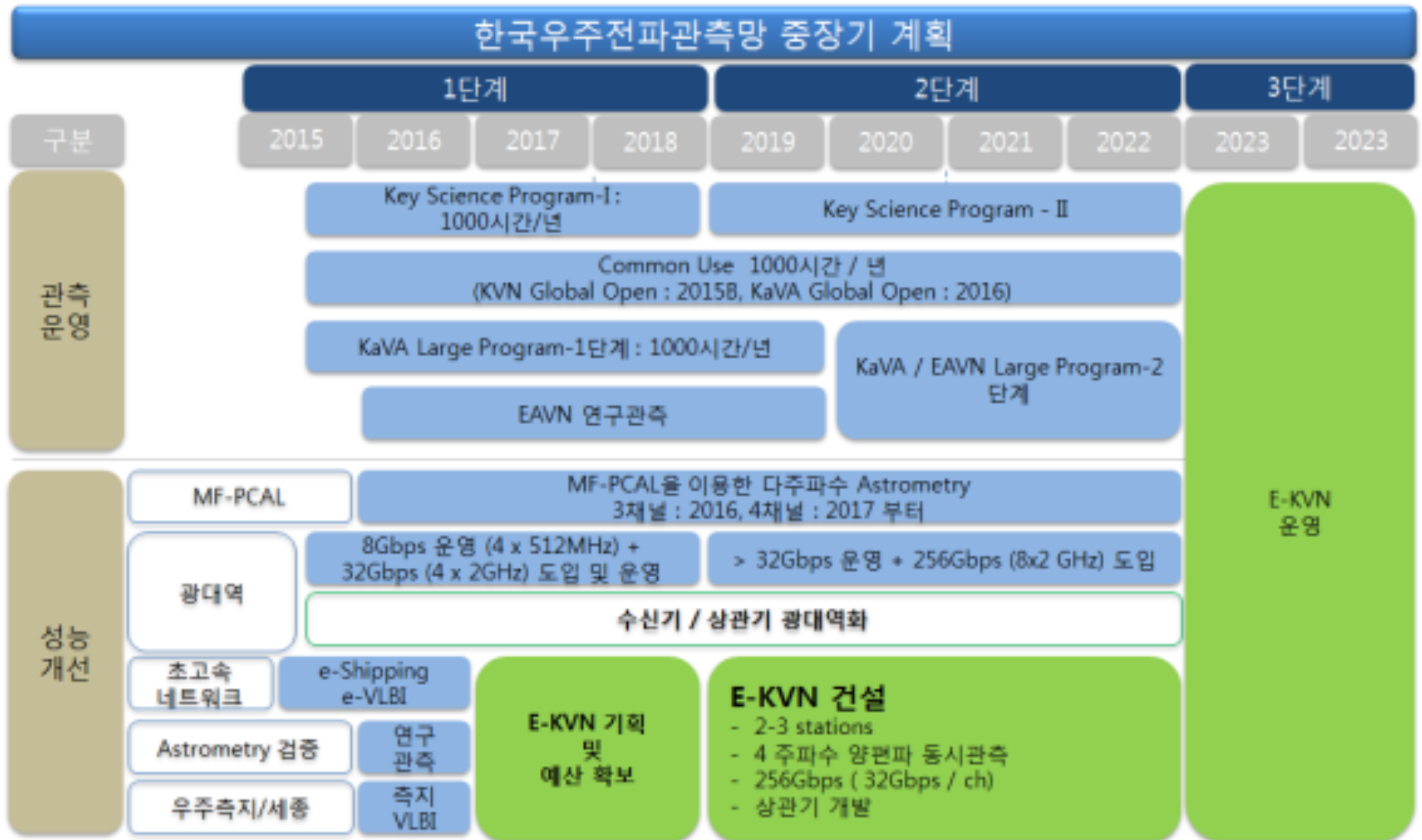
KVN Operation Statistics 2018B/2019A

관측시즌	총 관측수	총관측시간	실관측시간	Success w/ minor err	Cancel	Fail
2019A	246	2010	1866	232	8	6
2018B	231	2030	1924	218	11	2

2018B Error counts	KTN	KUS	KYS	Sum
Antenna control failures	47	41	8	96
Problems with recorder	8	17	25	50
Severe weather condition	28	22	20	70
Other problems	55	54	37	146
Sum	138	134	90	362
2019A Error counts	KTN	KUS	KYS	Sum
Antenna control failures	4	1	2	7
Problems with recorder	6	7	4	17
Severe weather condition	36	26	27	89
Other Problems	25	22	37	84
Sum	71	56	70	197



KVN System Upgrade Plan

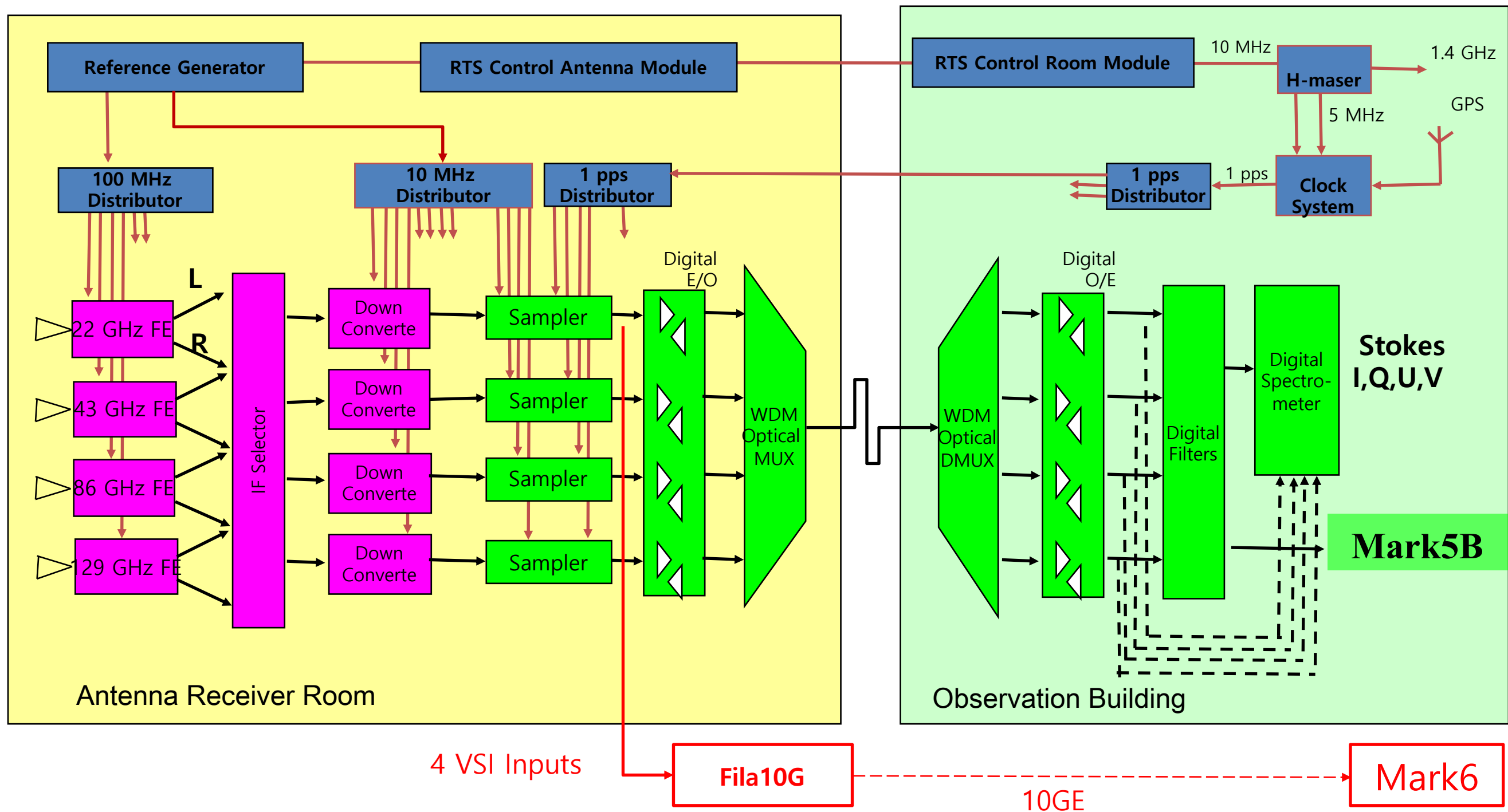


KVN System Upgrade: Receiver

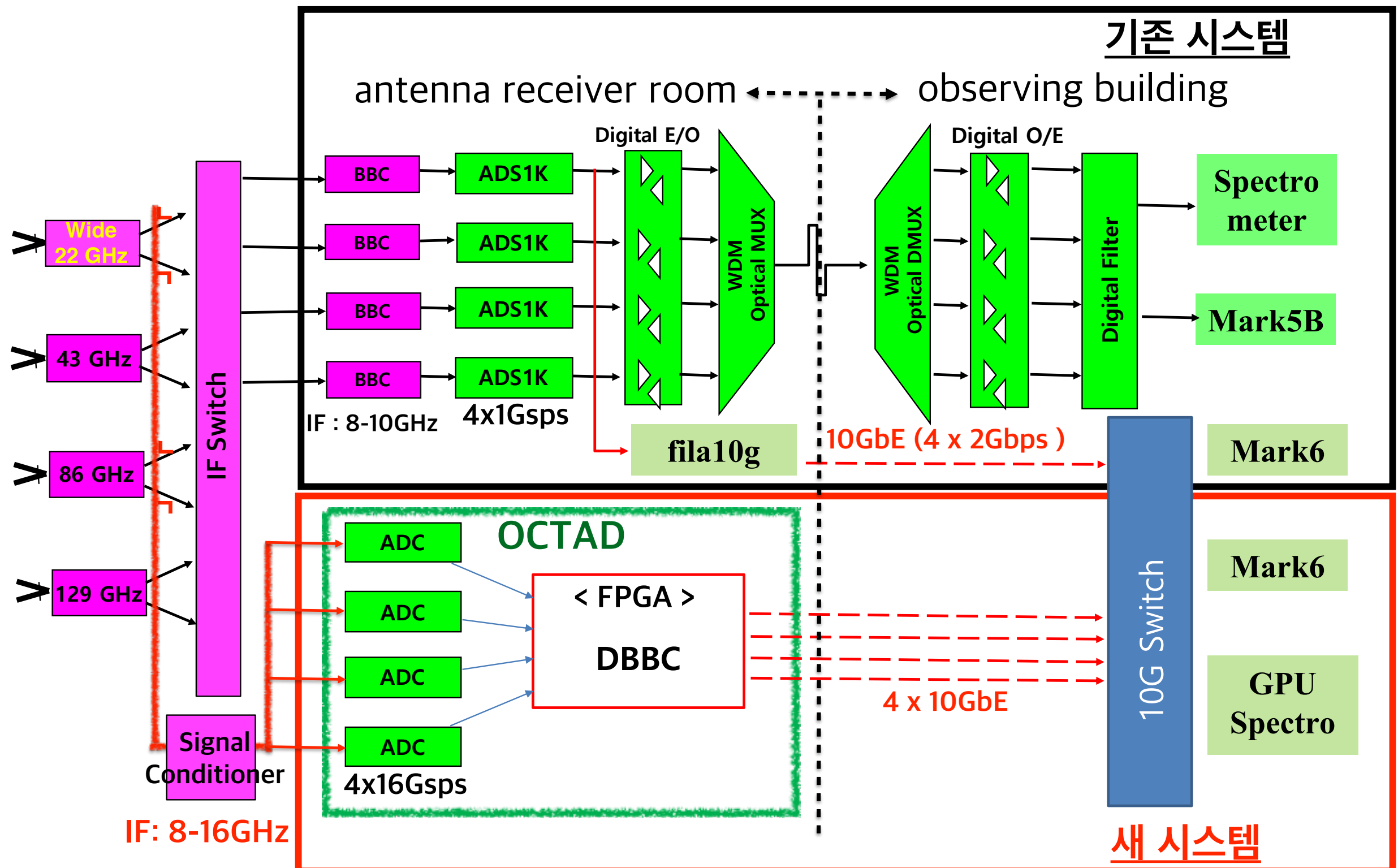
- Upgrade current Rx by replacing narrow band components
~ LNA, Feed Horn, Polarizer, tunable LO etc
- Instantaneous Bandwidth = 8GHz

KVN Receiver	Freq. (old)	Freq. (new)	Trx (new)	Installation
K-band	21.24 - 23.25	18 - 26	< 40	Completed in '18 (all KVN stations)
Q-band	42.10 - 44.10	35 - 50	< 50	KYS ('19 Sep) KUS ('20) KTN ('20 or '21)
W-band	85 - 95	85 - 116	< 80	KYS ('19 Sep) KUS (done, '18) KTN ('20)
D-band	125 - 142	125 - 172	< 60	'23 ~

KVN System Upgrade: (old) DAS



KVN System Upgrade: (new!) DAS



OCTAD



- 4 ADC (4 x 16Gsps)
- Input Freq. 8 - 16GHz
- Digital Down Conversion
- Digital Filtering
- 4 x 10GbE output
- VDIF format



Bandwidth (MHz)	Max Num of Channels	Max Data Rate (Gbps)
8192	1	32
4096	2	32
2048	4	32
1024	8	32
512	16	32
256	16	16
128	16	8
64	16	4
32	16	2
16	16	1

KVN 4-Frequency Full Polarization

K-DAS (4 CH)+ OCTAD (4 CH) or OCTAD (8 CH) with Mark6

22 R/L, 43 R/L, 86 R/L, 129 R/L
Data rate: 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32 Gbps

Mark 6

- Max 16Gbps recording
- 4 disk modules with 8 HDDs each
- 4 10GbE input



16Gbps Fringes with 32Gbps mode

KYS-KUS with 22/86GHz Dual-Pol (f18324 & f18362)

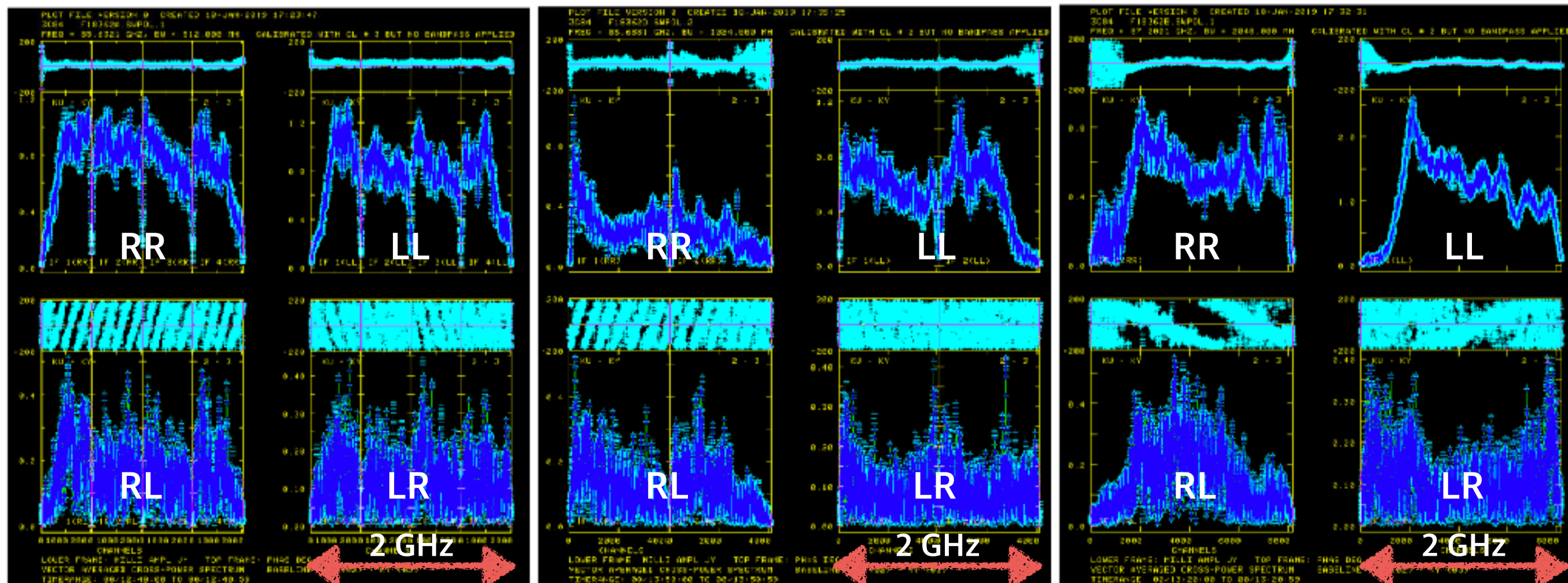
f18362 fringe test

32Gbps setup in simultaneous K/W observation → W-band fringes (16Gbps) detected!

512 MHz x 8 Channels x 2 Pols

1024 MHz x 4 Channels x 2 Pols

2048 MHz x 2 Channels x 2 Pols



- Signal Chain: K/W-band Rx (2 Pol) → OCTAD → 10G switch → Mark6 (2EA)
- 2048 channels / IF
- Partial fringe detection at K-band Pol data (f18324)

KVN Baseline/Image Sensitivity

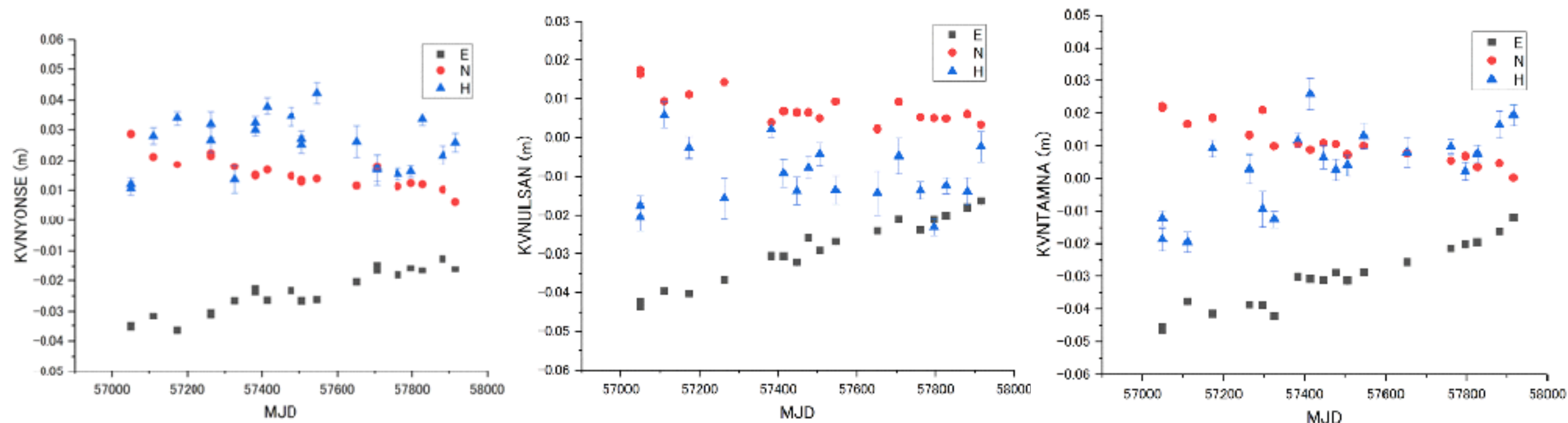
Frequency	22 GHz	43 GHz	86 GHz	129 GHz
SEFD (Jy)	1500	1800	3400	5000
Sensitivity (mJy, 1-sigma)	T _{int} =100s / T _{int} =1hr	T _{int} =60s / T _{int} =1hr	T _{int} =30s / T _{int} =1hr	T _{int} =30s / T _{int} =1hr
1 Gbps (Max 256 MHz)	9.6 / 1.28	14.9 / 1.53	39.8 / 2.89	58.5 / 4.25
2 Gbps (Max 512 MHz)	6.8 / 0.90	10.5 / 1.08	28.1 / 2.05	41.3 / 3.01
4 Gbps (Max 1024 MHz)	4.8 / 0.64	7.4 / 0.77	19.9 / 1.45	29.2 / 2.13
8 Gbps (Max 2048 MHz)	3.4 / 0.45	5.3 / 0.54	14.1 / 1.02	20.7 / 1.50
16 Gbps (Max 4096 MHz)	2.4 / 0.32	3.7 / 0.38	9.9 / 0.72	14.6 / 1.06
32 Gbps (Max 8192 MHz)	1.7 / 0.23	2.6 / 0.27	7.0 / 0.51	10.3 / 0.75

- Note: (baseline) / (image) sensitivity in the unit of mJy
- When FTP is applied (maximum integration time of 30min & referenced from K), the expected improvement of baseline sensitivity is more than 2 times better!

KVN Antenna Position Updates

- The accuracy of KVN antenna positions are much improved (~ a few mm level) based on KaVA K-band geodesy
- Daily antenna positions of KVN is available
- Great advantage for VLBI astrometry/geodesy

ENH coordinates of KVN
Analyzed by Dr. Jike (NAOJ)



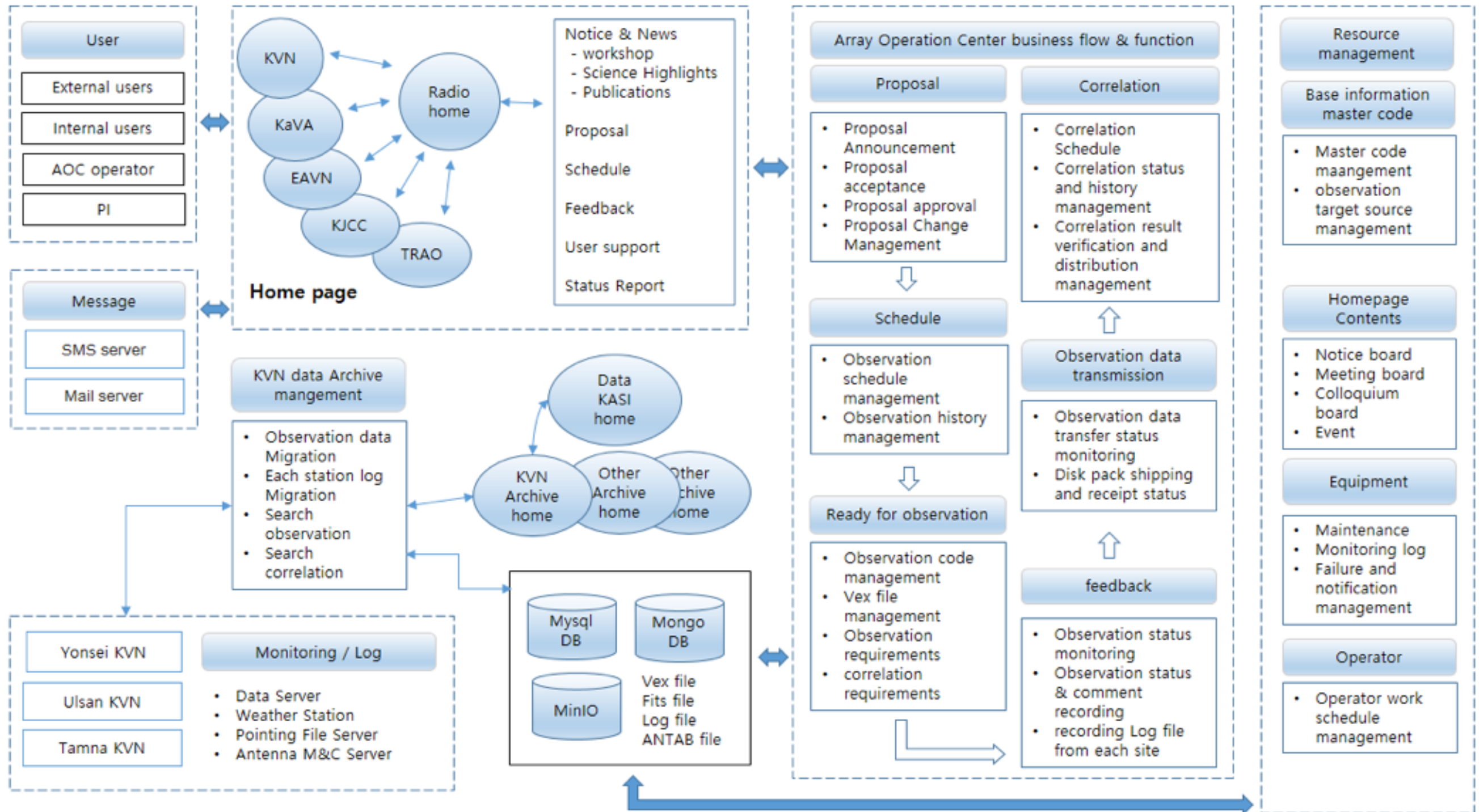
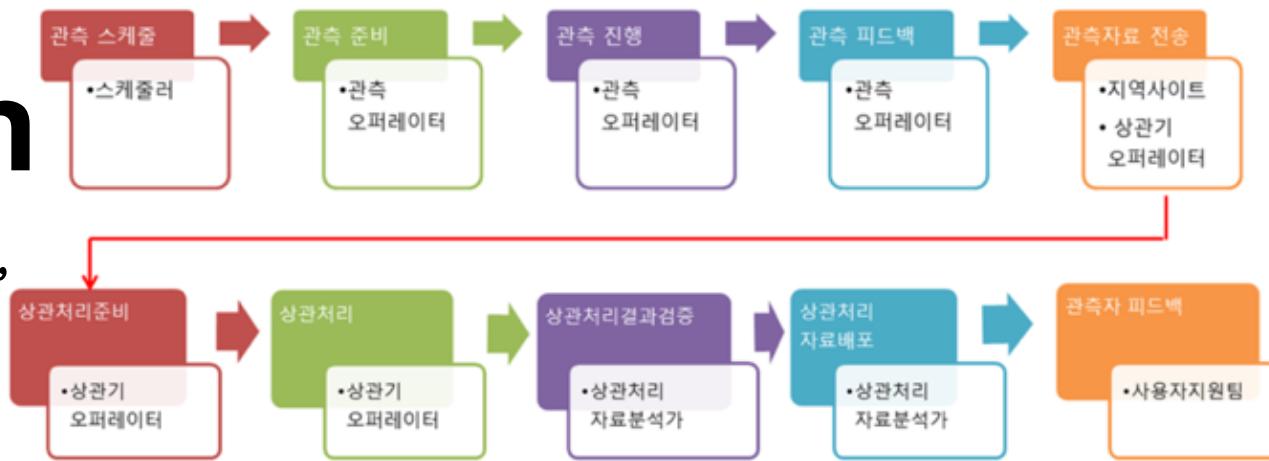
Example: Daily IVP of KVN Yonsei radio telescope (2015. 1. 1 ~ 2020.12.31)

kvnyonse.xyz14

2015/01/01	1	57023	-3042280.9740	4045902.6891	3867374.3521	2020/12/16	351	59199	-3042281.0314	4045902.6671	3867374.3145
2015/01/02	2	57024	-3042280.9740	4045902.6891	3867374.3521	2020/12/17	352	59200	-3042281.0314	4045902.6671	3867374.3145
2015/01/03	3	57025	-3042280.9740	4045902.6891	3867374.3521	2020/12/18	353	59201	-3042281.0315	4045902.6671	3867374.3144
2015/01/04	4	57026	-3042280.9741	4045902.6890	3867374.3521	2020/12/19	354	59202	-3042281.0315	4045902.6671	3867374.3144
2015/01/05	5	57027	-3042280.9741	4045902.6890	3867374.3520	2020/12/20	355	59203	-3042281.0315	4045902.6671	3867374.3144
2015/01/06	6	57028	-3042280.9741	4045902.6890	3867374.3520	2020/12/21	356	59204	-3042281.0315	4045902.6671	3867374.3144
2015/01/07	7	57029	-3042280.9741	4045902.6890	3867374.3520	2020/12/22	357	59205	-3042281.0316	4045902.6671	3867374.3144
2015/01/08	8	57030	-3042280.9742	4045902.6890	3867374.3520	2020/12/23	358	59206	-3042281.0316	4045902.6671	3867374.3144
2015/01/09	9	57031	-3042280.9742	4045902.6890	3867374.3520	2020/12/24	359	59207	-3042281.0316	4045902.6670	3867374.3143
2015/01/10	10	57032	-3042280.9742	4045902.6890	3867374.3520	2020/12/25	360	59208	-3042281.0317	4045902.6670	3867374.3143
2015/01/11	11	57033	-3042280.9742	4045902.6890	3867374.3519	2020/12/26	361	59209	-3042281.0317	4045902.6670	3867374.3143
2015/01/12	12	57034	-3042280.9743	4045902.6890	3867374.3519	2020/12/27	362	59210	-3042281.0317	4045902.6670	3867374.3143
2015/01/13	13	57035	-3042280.9743	4045902.6890	3867374.3519	2020/12/28	363	59211	-3042281.0317	4045902.6670	3867374.3143
2015/01/14	14	57036	-3042280.9743	4045902.6889	3867374.3519	2020/12/29	364	59212	-3042281.0318	4045902.6670	3867374.3143
2015/01/15	15	57037	-3042280.9743	4045902.6889	3867374.3519	2020/12/30	365	59213	-3042281.0318	4045902.6670	3867374.3142
						2020/12/31	366	59214	-3042281.0318	4045902.6670	3867374.3142

“Web-based” Operation

포스터 'KVN Data Archiving을 위한 AOC 응용프로그램 개발' (신재식) 참조



Important Dates

- January 15 ~ June 15: 1st season
- June 15 ~ August 15: summer maintenance
- August 15 ~ January 15 : 2nd season

- **Call for Proposals** (announcement / deadline)
 - 1st season: mid-September / early-November
 - 2nd season: mid-April / early-June
- **Schedule announcement**
 - ~ 20th of the month (for the next month schedule)
- User Surveys (summer)
- User's Meeting (summer)

KVN Data Reduction Tutorial
KVN AOC Workshop



Notice to Users (1)

KASI-INAF MoA (signed on Apr 9, 2019)

**MEMORANDUM of AGREEMENT
BETWEEN
THE ISTITUTO NAZIONALE DI ASTROFISICA
AND
THE KOREA ASTRONOMY AND SPACE SCIENCE INSTITUTE
ON JOINT VLBI OBSERVATIONS**

The Istituto Nazionale di Astrofisica (hereafter referred to as INAF) headquartered at Viale del Parco Mellini n.84, 00136 Roma, Italy and represented by its President, Prof. Nicolo' D'Amico, and the Korea Astronomy and Space Science Institute (hereafter referred to as KASI), headquartered at 776 Daedeok-daero, Yuseong-gu, Daejeon 34055, the Republic of Korea and represented by its President, Dr. Hyung Mok Lee,

hereafter referred to as Parties of this Memorandum,

- Taking into account their mutual interest in conducting Very Long Baseline Interferometry (VLBI) experiments,
- Considering the long-standing collaboration between INAF and KASI,
- Considering the international joint research project between KASI and INAF since December, 2016: "Supermassive Black holes: turning on the most powerful engines in the Universe", funded by the National Research Council of Science and Technology (of the Republic of Korea), KASI, and INAF

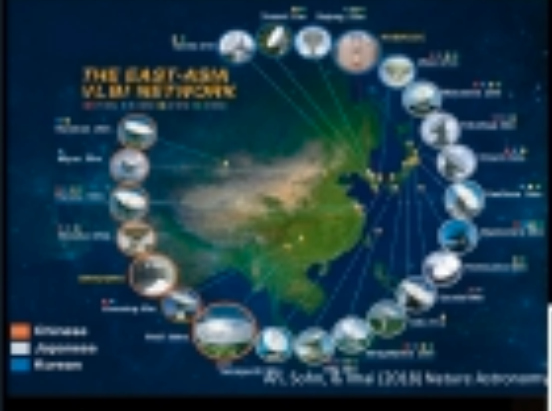
- **Korea-Italy collaborations in conducting VLBI observations**
- KVN + IVN (Medicia, Noto, Sardinia)
- **30 hours per season**
(Guaranteed for common VLBI observations)
 - PI associated with INAF and KASI
 - No restrictions for Co-I
 - Submit two proposals to each network
 - Publication "acknowledgement"
- Start from 2020A season and details under discussion (CfP, UST etc)

Notice to Users (2)

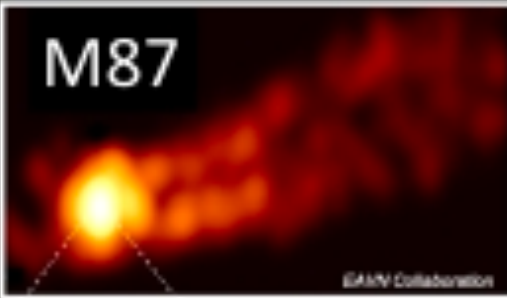
12th East Asian VLBI Workshop

23-27 September 2019
Ibaraki University,
Mito, Ibaraki,
Japan

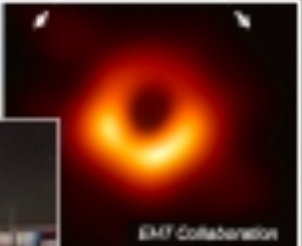
<http://vlbi.sci.ibaraki.ac.jp/eavw19/>



M87



EAVN Collaboration



EHT Collaboration

EAVN -hi- 2019



SPM2 35m (Korea)
NKT 25m (Japan)
SPM1 35m (Japan)
JCMT 25m (Hawaii)

Event Horizon Telescope (EHT)



Co-sponsored by
College of Science, Ibaraki University,
Center for Astronomy, Ibaraki University,
Priority Research on New Developments of Astrophysics and Planetary Science, Ibaraki University.
Endorsed by
Mito Tourism & Convention Association.

KVN

10TH ANNIVERSARY



2009 October 16

2019 October 21
KASI, Korea

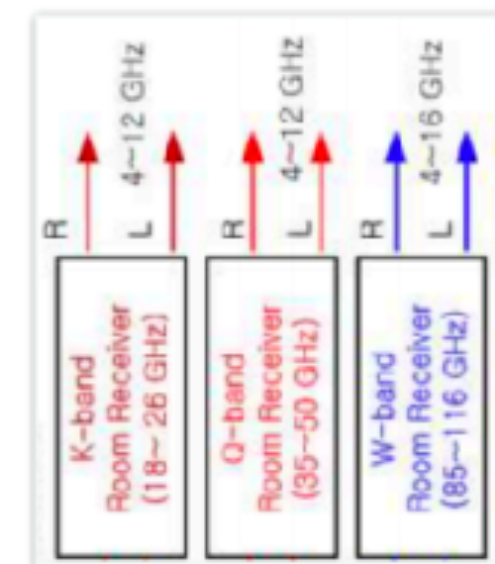
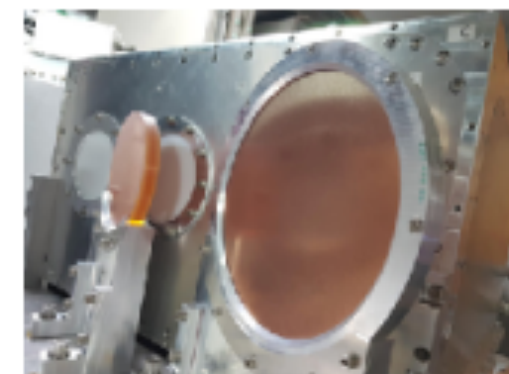
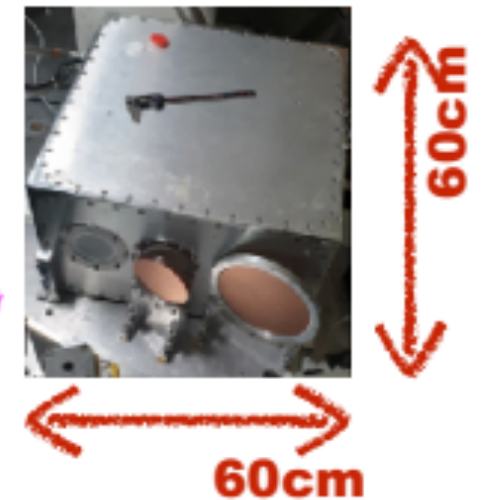
KASI 한국천문연구원
Korea Astronomy & Space Science Institute

Notice to Users (3)

(S. T. Han)

Compact Triple-band Receiver (CTR)

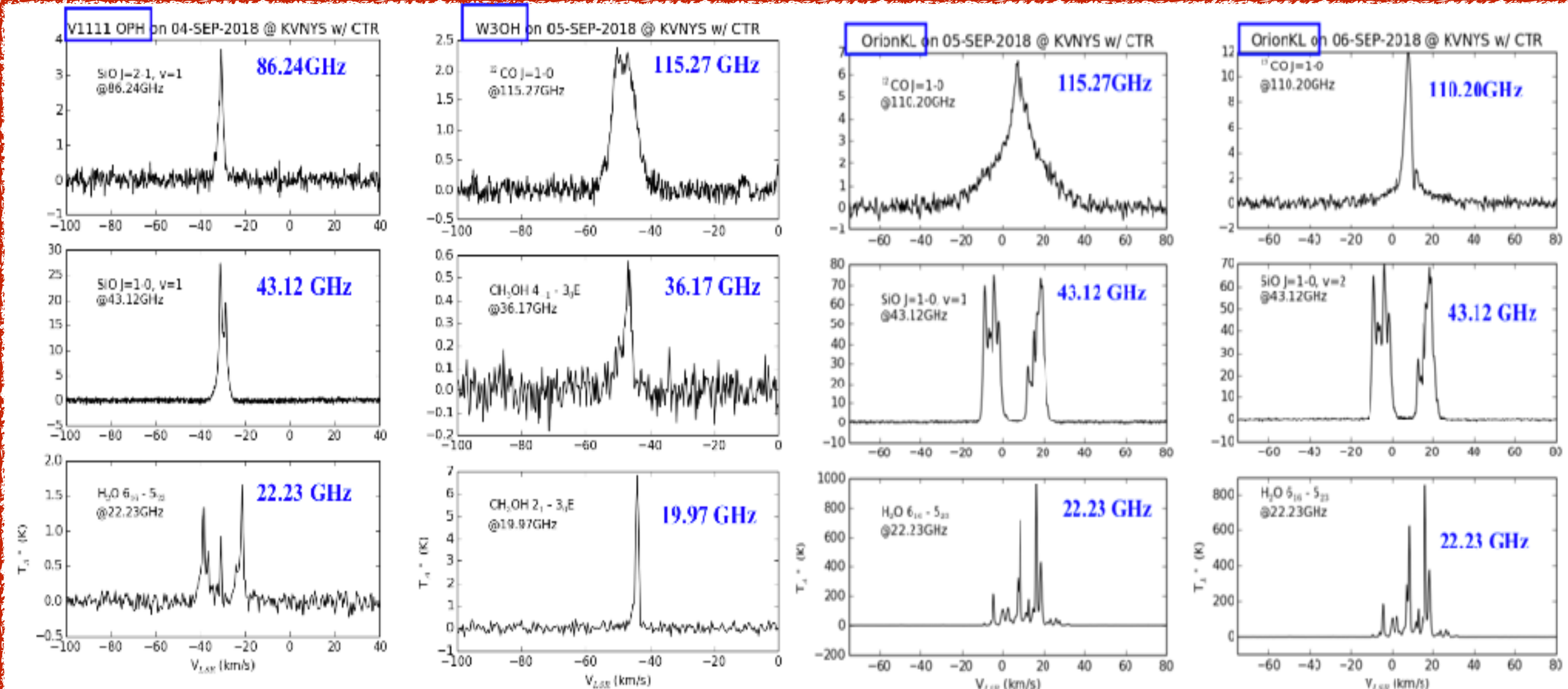
Installed on Sep. 2~3 at KYS



RF: 18-116GHz

Compact Triple-band Receiver (CTR)

(S. T. Han & D. Y. Byun)



- **Pointing offset among 3 channels : less than 3 arcsec to conduct simultaneous observations**
- **Aperture efficiencies : Obtained as much as we could (K- : 68 %, Q-: 66 %, W-band : 50%)**
- **Receiver noise temperatures : Not bad, but have to be improved (OMT, Polarizer and LNA)**
- ❖ **CTR is tailorable for use in telescopes with a small receiver cabin.**
- ❖ **Ultimately this concept may lead to development of much more compact multi-frequency receiver systems for mm-wave and sub-mm radio telescopes**

KVN (K/Q/W/D)
VERA (K/Q)
Sejong (K/Q/W)

Simultaneous Multi-Freq. VLBI System in Globe



Yebes 40m (Spain, K/Q/W)



Nobeyama 45m (Japan, K/Q/W)



Metsahovi 14m
(Finland, K/Q/W)



Tianma 65m
(China, K/Q)



E-KVN
(K/Q/W/D+230GHz)



“Standard
System”
in mm-VLBI

VLBA MK 25m
(USA, K/Q/W)



Sardenia 64m, Noto 32m, Medicina 32m (Italia, K/Q/W)



Mopra 22m (Australia, K/Q/W)



ATCA 22m x5
(Australia, Q/W)



THE MOST POWERFUL EYES IN THE UNIVERSE



서울~울산~제주 삼각관측
우주와의 '소통' 한걸음 더

12일 새벽 제주도 서귀포 하늘에서 북극성을 중심으로 궤적을 그리며 돌고 있는 별들을 향해 지름 21m 크기의 접시 안테나가 우뚝 솟아 있다. 서울 연세대-울산 울산대-제주 연세대를 3각으로 연결하는 한국우주전파관측망(KVN) 사업의 마무리 단계로 서귀포 일대 일리천파천문대의 전파망원경이 지난 1일 상량식을 마치고 시활 가동에 들어갔다. 전파망원경 석대가 연결되면 서울에서 제주 한라산의 쌀 한 톨도 식별할 수 있는 정밀도를 갖게 된다. 한국우주전파관측망은 가동하면 우리도 우주의 블랙홀을 정밀 계속해 별의 탄생과 사멸을 연구할 수 있고, 한반도 지각변동도 정밀 모니터링할 수 있게 된다. 이 사진은 디지털카메라에 14mm 렌즈를 부착해 1시간 동안 셔터를 열어 찍었다.

서귀포/김종규 기자 bong9@hani.co.kr

Thank you !